Enlighten Documentation

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PIP

\$ pip install enlighten

2 Chapter 1. PIP

RPM

RPMs are available in the Fedora and EPEL repositories

2.1 EL6 and EL7 (RHEL/CentOS/Scientific)

(EPEL repositories must be configured)

```
$ yum install python-enlighten
```

2.2 Fedora

```
$ dnf install python2-enlighten
$ dnf install python3-enlighten
```

4 Chapter 2. RPM

Examples

3.1 Basic

For a basic status bar, invoke the Counter class directly.

```
import time
import enlighten

pbar = enlighten.Counter(total=100, desc='Basic', unit='ticks')
for num in range(100):
    time.sleep(0.1) # Simulate work
    pbar.update()
```

3.2 Advanced

To maintain multiple progress bars simultaneously or write to the console, a manager is required.

Advanced output will only work when the output stream, sys.stdout by default, is attached to a TTY. $get_manager()$ can be used to get a manager instance. It will return a disabled Manager instance if the stream is not attached to a TTY and an enabled instance if it is.

```
import time
import enlighten

manager = enlighten.get_manager()

ticks = manager.counter(total=100, desc='Ticks', unit='ticks')

tocks = manager.counter(total=20, desc='Tocks', unit='tocks')

for num in range(100):
    time.sleep(0.1) # Simulate work
    print(num)
    ticks.update()
```

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```
if not num % 5:
    tocks.update()
manager.stop()
```

3.3 Counters

The Counter class has two output formats, progress bar and counter.

The progress bar format is used when a total is not None and the count is less than the total. If neither of these conditions are met, the counter format is used:

```
import time
import enlighten

counter = enlighten.Counter(desc='Basic', unit='ticks')
for num in range(100):
    time.sleep(0.1) # Simulate work
    counter.update()
```

3.4 Color

The bar component of a progress bar can be colored by setting the color keyword argument. See *Series Color* for more information about valid colors.

```
import time
import enlighten

counter = enlighten.Counter(total=100, desc='Colorized', unit='ticks', color='red')
for num in range(100):
    time.sleep(0.1) # Simulate work
counter.update()
```

3.5 Multicolored

The bar component of a progress bar can be multicolored to track multiple categories in a single progress bar.

The colors are drawn from right to left in the order they were added.

By default, when multicolored progress bars are used, additional fields are available for bar_format:

- count_n (int) Current value of count
- count_0(int) Remaining count after deducting counts for all subcounters
- percentage_n (float) Percentage complete
- percentage_0(float) Remaining percentage after deducting percentages for all subcounters

When add_subcounter() is called with all_fields set to True, the subcounter will have the additional fields:

• eta_n (str) - Estimated time to completion

• rate_n (float) - Average increments per second since parent was created

More information about bar_format can be found in the *Format* section of the API.

One use case for multicolored progress bars is recording the status of a series of tests. In this example, Failures are red, errors are white, and successes are green. The count of each is listed in the progress bar.

```
import random
import time
import enlighten
bar_format = u'{desc}{desc_pad}{percentage:3.0f}%|{bar}| ' + \
            u'S:{count_0:{len_total}d} ' + \
            u'F:{count_2:{len_total}d} ' + \
            u'E:{count_1:{len_total}d} ' + \
            u'[{elapsed}<{eta}, {rate:.2f}{unit_pad}{unit}/s]'</pre>
success = enlighten.Counter(total=100, desc='Testing', unit='tests',
                             color='green', bar_format=bar_format)
errors = success.add_subcounter('white')
failures = success.add_subcounter('red')
while success.count < 100:</pre>
    time.sleep(random.uniform(0.1, 0.3)) # Random processing time
   result = random.randint(0, 10)
    if result == 7:
       errors.update()
    if result in (5, 6):
        failures.update()
    else:
        success.update()
```

A more complicated example is recording process start-up. In this case, all items will start red, transition to yellow, and eventually all will be green. The count, percentage, rate, and eta fields are all derived from the second subcounter added.

```
import random
import time
import enlighten
services = 100
bar_format = u'{desc}{desc_pad}{percentage_2:3.0f}%|{bar}|' + \
            u' {count_2:{len_total}d}/{total:d} ' + \
            u'[{elapsed}<{eta_2}, {rate_2:.2f}{unit_pad}{unit}/s]'</pre>
initializing = enlighten.Counter(total=services, desc='Starting', unit='services',
                                 color='red', bar_format=bar_format)
starting = initializing.add_subcounter('yellow')
started = initializing.add_subcounter('green', all_fields=True)
while started.count < services:</pre>
    remaining = services - initializing.count
    if remaining:
        num = random.randint(0, min(4, remaining))
        initializing.update(num)
    ready = initializing.count - initializing.subcount
```

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3.5. Multicolored 7

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```
if ready:
    num = random.randint(0, min(3, ready))
    starting.update_from(initializing, num)

if starting.count:
    num = random.randint(0, min(2, starting.count))
    started.update_from(starting, num)

time.sleep(random.uniform(0.1, 0.5)) # Random processing time
```

3.6 Additional Examples

- basic Basic progress bar
- context manager Managers and counters as context managers
- floats Support totals and counts that are floats
- multicolored Multicolored progress bars
- multiple with logging Nested progress bars and logging
- FTP downloader Show progress downloading files from FTP

3.7 Customization

Enlighten is highly configurable. For information on modifying the output, see the *Series* and *Format* sections of the *Counter* documentation.

Common Patterns

4.1 Enable / Disable

A program may want to disable progress bars based on a configuration setting as well as if output redirection occurs.

The get_manager() function slightly simplifies this

4.2 Context Managers

Both Counter and Manager can be used as context managers.

```
import enlighten (continues on next page)
```

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```
splines = 100
with enlighten.Manager() as manager:
    with manager.counter(total=SPLINES, desc='Reticulating:', unit='splines') as_
    retic:
        for num in range(SPLINES + 1):
             retic.update()
```

4.3 Automatic Updating

Both Counter and Both SubCounter instances can be called as functions on one or more iterators. A generator is returned which yields each element of the iterables and then updates the count by 1.

Note: When a *Counter* instance is called as a function, type checking is lazy and won't validate an iterable was passed until iteration begins.

```
import time
import enlighten

flock1 = ['Harry', 'Sally', 'Randy', 'Mandy', 'Danny', 'Joe']
flock2 = ['Punchy', 'Kicky', 'Spotty', 'Touchy', 'Brenda']
total = len(flock1) + len(flock2)

manager = enlighten.Manager()
pbar = manager.counter(total=total, desc='Counting Sheep', unit='sheep')

for sheep in pbar(flock1, flock2):
    time.sleep(0.2)
    print('%s: Baaa' % sheep)
```

5.1 Why is Enlighten called Enlighten?

A progress bar's purpose is to inform the user about an ongoing process. Enlighten, meaning "to inform", seems a fitting name. (Plus any names related to progress were already taken)

5.2 Is Windows supported?

Enlighten has supported Windows since version 1.3.0.

Windows does not currently support resizing.

Enlighten also works relatively well in Linux-like subsystems for Windows such as Cygwin or Windows Subsystem for Linux.

5.3 Can you add support for _____ terminal?

We are happy to add support for as many terminals as we can. However, not all terminals can be supported. There a few requirements.

1. The terminal must be detectable programmatically

We need to be able to identify the terminal in some reasonable way and differentiate it from other terminals. This could be through environment variables, the platform module, or some other method.

2. A subset of terminal codes must be supported

While these codes may vary among terminals, the capability must be provided and activated by printing a terminal sequence. The required codes are listed below.

• move / CUP - Cursor Position

- hide_cursor / DECTCEM Text Cursor Enable Mode
- show_cursor / DECTCEM Text Cursor Enable Mode
- csr / DECSTBM Set Top and Bottom Margins
- clear_eos / ED Erase in Display
- clear_eol / EL Erase in Line
- feed / CUD Cursor Down (Or scroll with linefeed)
- 3. Terminal dimensions must be detectable

The height and width of the terminal must be available to the running process.

API Reference

6.1 Classes

class enlighten.Manager(stream=None, counter_class=Counter, **kwargs)

Parameters

- stream (file object) Output stream. If None, defaults to sys. stdout
- counter_class (class) Progress bar class (Default: Counter)
- **set_scroll** (bool) Enable scroll area redefinition (Default: True)
- companion_stream (file object) See companion_stream below. (Default: None)
- enabled (bool) Status (Default: True)
- no_resize (bool) Disable resizing support
- **kwargs** (*dict*) Any additional keyword arguments will be used as default values when *counter()* is called.

Manager class for outputting progress bars to streams attached to TTYs

Progress bars are displayed at the bottom of the screen with standard output displayed above.

companion_stream

A companion stream is a file object that shares a TTY with the primary output stream. The cursor position in the companion stream will be moved in coordination with the primary stream.

If the value is None, sys.stdout and sys.stderr will be used as companion streams. Unless explicitly specified, a stream which is not attached to a TTY (the case when redirected to a file), will not be used as a companion stream.

counter (position=None, **kwargs)

Parameters

• **position** (*int*) – Line number counting from the bottom of the screen

• **kwarqs** (dict) - Any additional keyword arguments are passed to Counter

Returns Instance of counter class

Return type Counter

Get a new progress bar instance

If position is specified, the counter's position can change dynamically if additional counters are called without a position argument.

stop()

Clean up and reset terminal

This method should be called when the manager and counters will no longer be needed.

Any progress bars that have leave set to True or have not been closed will remain on the console. All others will be cleared.

Manager and all counters will be disabled.

class enlighten.Counter(**kwargs)

Parameters

- bar_format (str) Progress bar format, see Format below
- count (int) Initial count (Default: 0)
- counter_format (str) Counter format, see Format below
- color (str) Series color as a string or integer see Series Color below
- **desc** (str) Description
- enabled (bool) Status (Default: True)
- **leave** (*True*) Leave progress bar after closing (Default: True)
- manager (Manager) Manager instance. Creates instance if not specified.
- min_delta (float) Minimum time, in seconds, between refreshes (Default: 0.1)
- offset (int) Number of non-printable characters to account for when formatting
- series (sequence) Progression series, see Series below
- stream (file object) Output stream. Not used when instantiated through a manager
- total (int) Total count when complete
- unit (str) Unit label

Progress bar and counter class

A <code>Counter</code> instance can be created with the <code>Manager.counter()</code> method or, when a standalone progress bar for simple applications is required, the <code>Counter</code> class can be called directly. The output stream will default to <code>sys.stdout</code> unless <code>stream</code> is set.

Note: With the default values for bar_format and counter_format, floats can not be used for total, count, or provided to update(). In order to use floats, provide custom formats to bar_format and counter_format. See *Format* below.

Series

The progress bar is constructed from the characters in series. series must be a sequence (str, list, tuple) containing single characters.

Default progress series (series):

```
t t
```

The first character is the fill character. When the count is 0, the bar will be made up of only this character. In the example below, characters 5 through 9 are fill characters.

The last character is the full character. When the count is equal to total, the bar will be made up of only this character. In the example below, characters 0 through 3 are full characters.

The remaining characters are fractional characters used to more accurately represent the transition between the full and fill characters. In the example below, character 4 is a fractional character.

```
'45% | |'
'0123456789'
```

Series Color

The characters specified by series will be displayed in the terminal's current foreground color. This can be overwritten with the color argument.

color can be specified as None, a string or an integer 0 - 255. While most modern terminals can support 256 colors, the actual number of supported colors will vary.

Valid colors for 8 color terminals:

- · black
- blue
- cyan
- · green
- · magenta
- red
- · white
- · vellow

Additional colors for 16 color terminals:

- bright_black
- bright_blue
- bright_cyan
- · bright_green
- · bright_magenta
- bright_red
- bright_white
- bright_yellow

Format

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If total is None or count becomes higher than total, the counter format will be used instead of the progress bar format.

Default counter format (counter_format):

```
'{desc}{desc_pad}{count:d} {unit}{unit_pad}{elapsed}, {rate:.2f}{unit_pad}

→{unit}/s]{fill}'

# Example output

'Loaded 30042 Files [00:01, 21446.45 Files/s]

→ '
```

Default progress bar format (bar_format):

Available fields:

- count(int) Current value of count
- desc(str) Value of desc
- desc_pad(str) A single space if desc is set, otherwise empty
- elapsed(str) Time elapsed since instance was created
- rate(float) Average increments per second since instance was created
- unit(str) Value of unit
- unit_pad(str) A single space if unit is set, otherwise empty

Additional fields for bar_format only:

- bar(str) Progress bar draw with characters from series
- eta(str) Estimated time to completion
- len_total(int) Length of total when converted to a string
- percentage(float) Percentage complete
- total(int) Value of total

Addition fields for counter_format only:

- fill(str) - blank spaces, number needed to fill line

Additional fields when subcounters are used:

- count_n (int) Current value of count
- count_0(int) Remaining count after deducting counts for all subcounters
- $percentage_n(float)$ Percentage complete
- $\bullet \ \ percentage_0(\texttt{float}) Remaining \ percentage \ after \ deducting \ percentages \ for \ all \ subcounters$

Note: n denotes the order the subcounter was added starting at 1. For example, **count_1** is the count for the first subcounter added and **count 2** is the count for the second subcounter added.

Additional fields when add_subcounter() is called with all_fields set to True:

```
• eta n (str) - Estimated time to completion

    rate_n (float) - Average increments per second since parent was created

Instance Attributes
     count
         int - Current count
     desc
         str - Description
     elapsed
         float - Time since start (since last update if count`equals :py:attr:`total)
     enabled
         bool - Current status
     manager
         Manager - Manager Instance
     position
         int - Current position
     total
         int - Total count when complete
     unit
         str - Unit label
add_subcounter (color, count=0, all_fields=False)
         Parameters
             • color (str) - Series color as a string or integer see Series Color
             • count (int) – Initial count (Default: 0)
             • all_fields (bool) - Populate rate and eta formatting fields (Default: False)
         Returns Subcounter instance
         Return type SubCounter
     Add a subcounter for multicolored progress bars
clear (flush=True)
         Parameters flush (bool) – Flush stream after clearing progress bar (Default:True)
     Clear progress bar
close (clear=False)
     Do final refresh and remove from manager
     If leave is True, the default, the effect is the same as refresh().
format (width=None, elapsed=None)
```

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Parameters

- width (int) Width in columns to make progress bar
- elapsed (float) Time since started. Automatically determined if None

Returns Formatted progress bar or counter

```
Return type str
```

Format progress bar or counter

```
refresh (flush=True, elapsed=None)
```

Parameters

- **flush** (bool) Flush stream after writing progress bar (Default:True)
- elapsed (float) Time since started. Automatically determined if None

Redraw progress bar

subcount

Sum of counts from all subcounters

update (incr=1, force=False)

Parameters

- incr (int) Amount to increment count (Default: 1)
- force (bool) Force refresh even if min_delta has not been reached

Increment progress bar and redraw

Progress bar is only redrawn if min_delta seconds past since the last update

class enlighten.SubCounter(parent, color=None, count=0, all_fields=False)

A child counter for multicolored progress bars.

This class tracks a portion of multicolored progress bar and should be initialized through Counter.

add subcounter()

Instance Attributes

count

int - Current count

parent

Counter - Parent counter

update (incr=1, force=False)

Parameters

- incr (int) Amount to increment count (Default: 1)
- force (bool) Force refresh even if min_delta has not been reached

Increment progress bar and redraw

Both this counter and the parent are incremented.

Progress bar is only redrawn if min_delta seconds past since the last update on the parent.

```
update_from (source, incr=1, force=False)
```

Parameters

- source (SubCounter) SubCounter or Counter to increment from
- incr (int) Amount to increment count (Default: 1)

• force (bool) - Force refresh even if min_delta has not been reached

Move a value to this counter from another counter.

source must be the parent Counter instance or a SubCounter with the same parent

6.2 Functions

enlighten.get_manager(stream=None, counter_class=Counter, **kwargs)

Parameters

- stream (file object) Output stream. If None, defaults to sys.stdout
- counter_class (class) Progress bar class (Default: Counter)
- **kwargs** (dict) Any additional keyword arguments will passed to the manager class.

Returns Manager instance

Return type Manager

Convenience function to get a manager instance

If stream is not attached to a TTY, the *Manager* instance is disabled.

6.2. Functions

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Overview

Enlighten Progress Bar is a console progress bar module for Python. (Yes, another one.) The main advantage of Enlighten is it allows writing to stdout and stderr without any redirection.

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